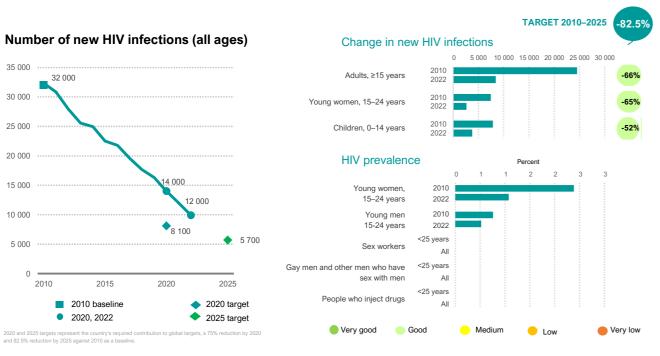
2023

# The State of HIV Prevention in Cameroon



## Policy and structural barriers

Adolescent girls and young women

Girls who completed lower secondary education

testing services, age of consent

schools)

Proportion of women who experienced intimate partner violence

Policies on life skills-based HIV and sexuality education (secondary

Laws requiring parental consent for adolescents to access HIV

# | Sex workers |

22%

43%

Yes

20%

# Note: 'Yes' refers to the adaptation having been introduced (not necessarily it being universally available).

Baseline status of 10 HIV Prevention 2025

**Road Map Actions** 

1. Data-driven needs assessment

2. Precision prevention approach

4. HIV prevention leadership agencies

5. Expand community-led services

6. Remove social and legal barriers7. Integration with related services

8. Introduction of new technologies9. Real-time programme monitoring

10. Accountability for HIV progress

3. Define investment needs

**Road Map Action** 

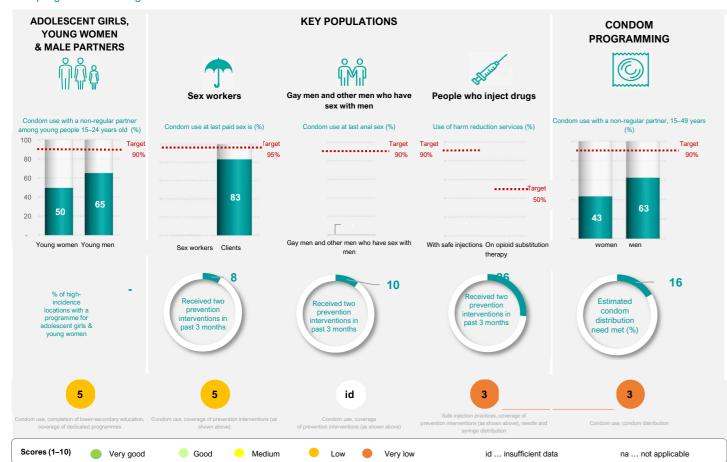
# Linkages between HIV and sexual and reproductive health services

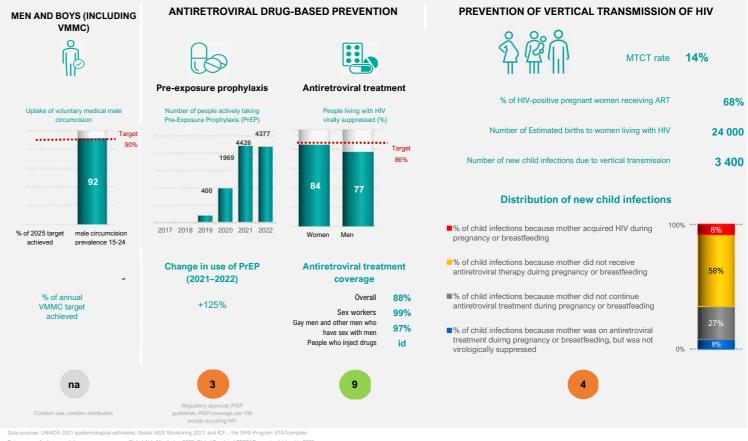
HIV testing services integrated within sexual and reproductive health

Provider-initiated condom promotion integrated into sexual and reproductive health services



### HIV programme coverage and outcomes





ta sources for key population program coverage: Global Aids Monitoring 2022, Global Fund and PEPFAR reports obtained in 2022
tet: The 2023 UNAIUS epidemiological estimates represent the year 2022. Other data points may refer to various years when the surveys were conducted.

2020 and 2025 testing for expension and the second of the seco