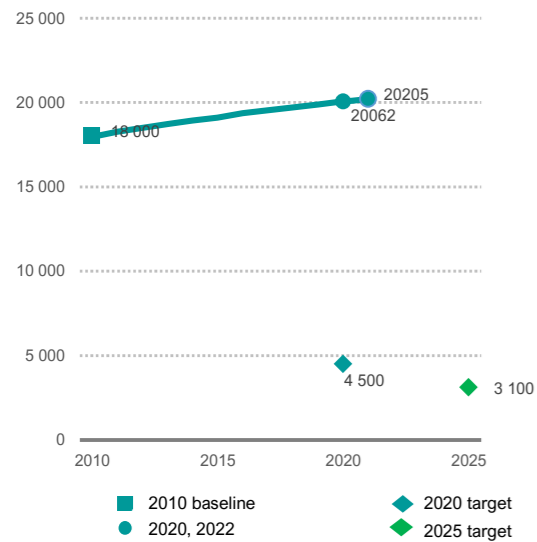


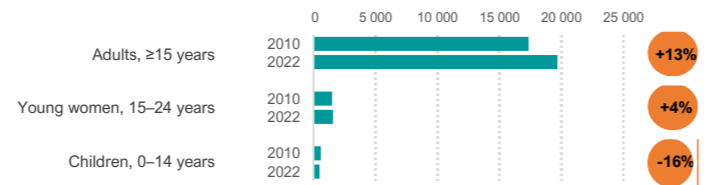
The State of HIV Prevention in Mexico

2023

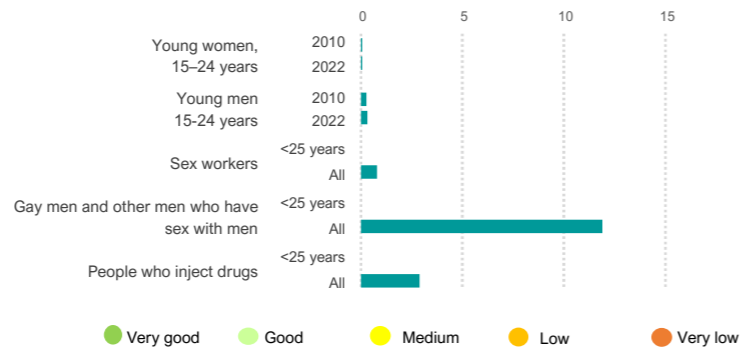
Number of new HIV infections (all ages)



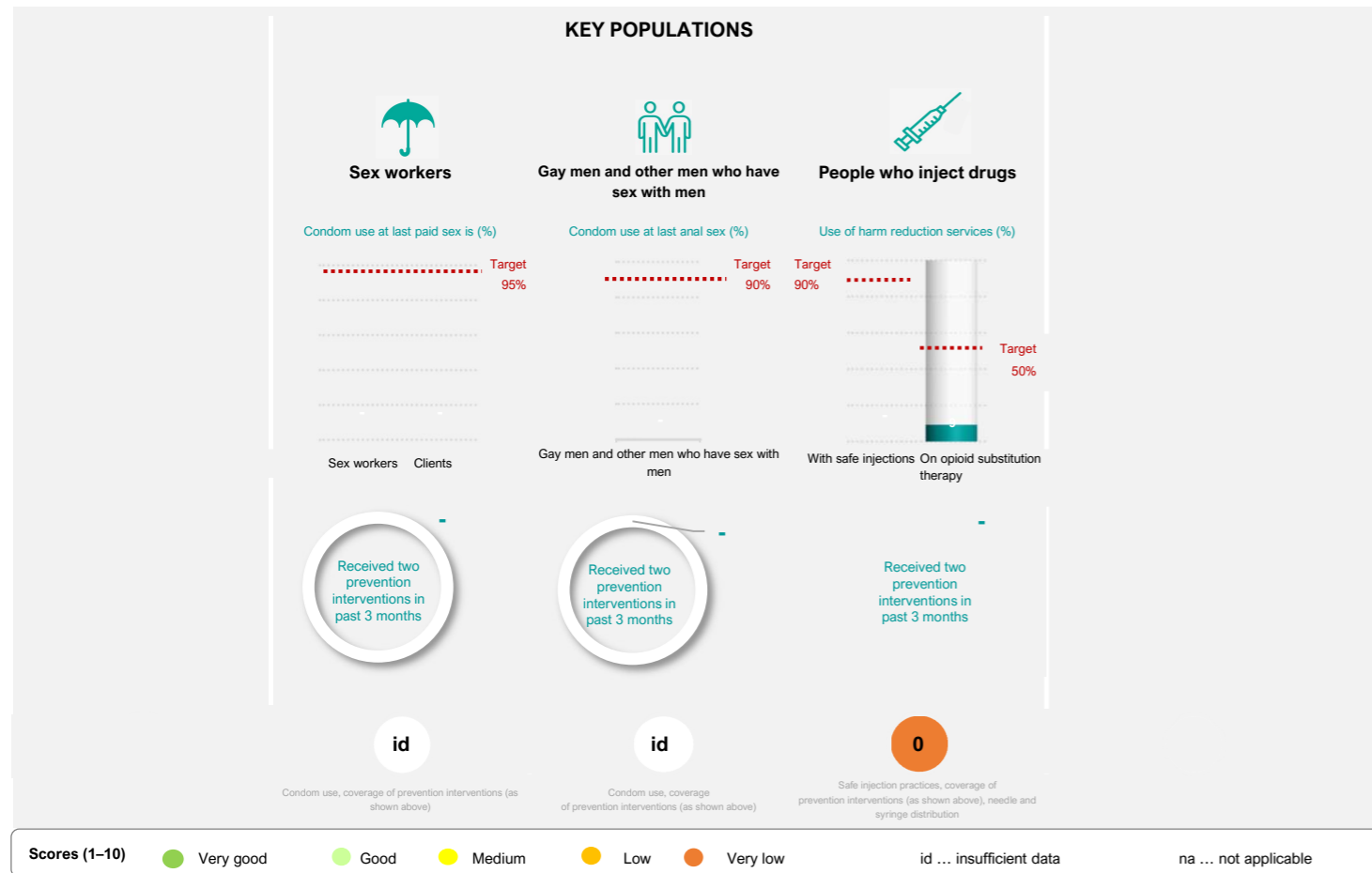
Change in new HIV infections



HIV prevalence



HIV programme coverage and outcomes



Policy and structural barriers

Key populations

Barrier	Sex workers	Gay men and other men who have sex with men	People who inject drugs	Transgender people	Prisoners
Criminalization of the behaviour of key populations	No	No	No	No	na
The national strategy includes critical elements of the programme package for key populations	> Half	> Half	All	id	#N/A
Avoided health care because of stigma and discrimination	id	id	id	id	na
Population size	240 000	1 200 000	id	123 000	200 000

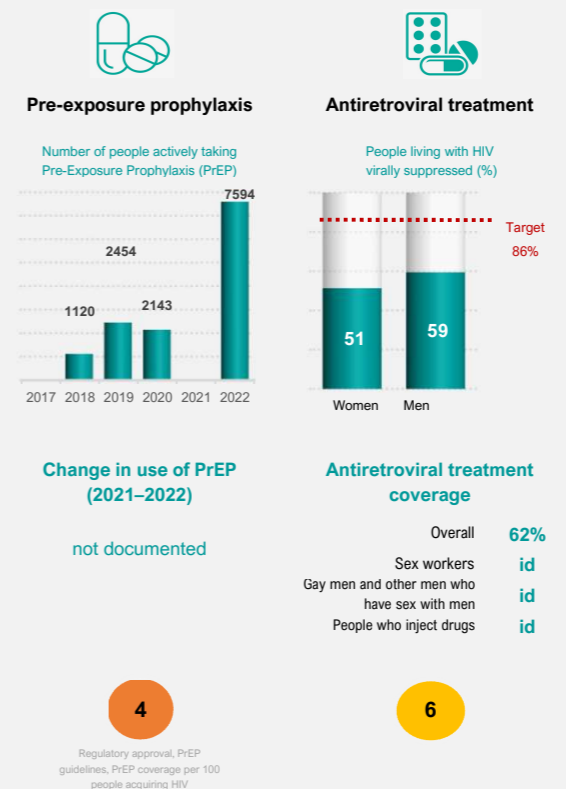
Baseline status of 10 HIV Prevention 2025 Road Map Actions

Road Map Action	2023
1. Data-driven needs assessment	Partial
2. Precision prevention approach	Good
3. Define investment needs	Medium
4. HIV prevention leadership agencies	Low
5. Expand community-led services	Low
6. Remove social and legal barriers	Low
7. Integration with related services	Low
8. Introduction of new technologies	Low
9. Real-time programme monitoring	Low
10. Accountability for HIV progress	Low

Linkages between HIV and sexual and reproductive health services

HIV testing services integrated within sexual and reproductive health	Partial
Provider-initiated condom promotion integrated into sexual and reproductive health services	No/id

ANTIRETROVIRAL DRUG-BASED PREVENTION



Data sources: UNAIDS 2021 epidemiological estimates; Global AIDS Monitoring 2021; and ICF – the DHS Program STATcompiler. Data sources for key population program coverage: Global AIDS Monitoring 2022, Global Fund and PEPFAR reports obtained in 2022. Note: The 2023 UNAIDS epidemiological estimates represent the year 2022. Other data points may refer to various years when the surveys were conducted. Note: 2020 and 2025 targets for reducing new HIV infections represent the country's required contribution to global targets, a 75% reduction by 2020 and 82.5% reduction by 2025 against 2010 as a baseline. These reductions are required to achieve a 90% reduction by 2030.