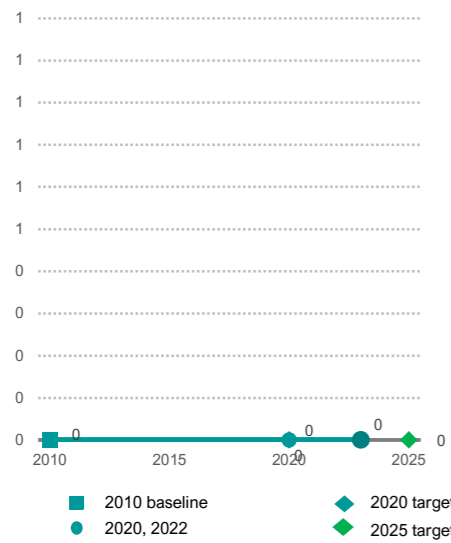


# The State of HIV Prevention in Pakistan

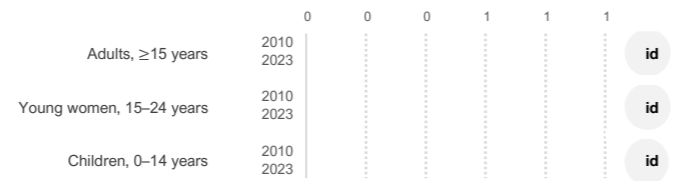
2024

## Number of new HIV infections (all ages)

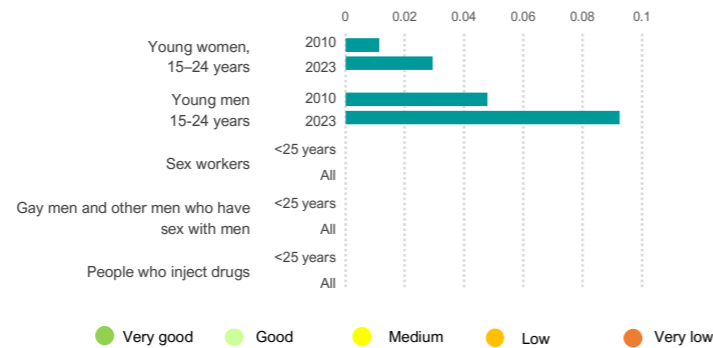


2020 and 2025 targets represent the country's required contribution to global targets, a 75% reduction by 2020 and 82.5% reduction by 2025 against 2010 as a baseline.

## Change in new HIV infections



## HIV prevalence



## HIV programme coverage and outcomes

### KEY POPULATIONS

**Sex workers**

Condom use at last paid sex is (%)

Target 95%

6%

Received two prevention interventions in past 3 months

id

**Gay men and other men who have sex with men**

Condom use at last anal sex (%)

Target 90%

6%

Received two prevention interventions in past 3 months

id

**People who inject drugs**

Use of harm reduction services (%)

Target 90%

37%

Received two prevention interventions in past 3 months

3

### ANTIRETROVIRAL DRUG-BASED PREVENTION

**Pre-exposure prophylaxis**

Number of people actively taking Pre-Exposure Prophylaxis (PrEP)

Change in use of PrEP (2021-2022)

not documented

id

**Antiretroviral treatment**

People living with HIV virally suppressed (%)

Target 86%

Antiretroviral treatment coverage

Overall 15%

Sex workers 10%

Gay men and other men who have sex with men 2%

People who inject drugs 14%

2

Scores (1-10) ● Very good ● Good ● Medium ● Low ● Very low id ... insufficient data na ... not applicable

## Policy and structural barriers

### Key populations

	Sex workers	Gay men and other men who have sex with men	People who inject drugs	Transgender people	People in prisons
Criminalization of the behaviour of key populations	Yes	Yes	Yes	No	na
The national strategy includes critical elements of the programme package for key populations	< Half	> Half	< Half	> Half	< Half
Avoided health care because of stigma and discrimination	id	id	id	id	id
Population size estimate	id	id	id	id	id

## Baseline status of 10 HIV Prevention Road Map Actions

Road Map Action	2023	2024
1. Data-driven needs assessment	Yellow	Yellow
2. Precision prevention approach	Green	Yellow
3. Define investment needs	Yellow	Yellow
4. HIV prevention leadership agencies	Yellow	Yellow
5. Expand community-led services	Yellow	Yellow
6. Remove social and legal barriers	Red	Red
7. Integration with related services	Yellow	Yellow
8. Introduction of new technologies	Yellow	Yellow
9. Real-time programme monitoring	Yellow	Yellow
10. Accountability for HIV progress	Yellow	Yellow

## Linkages between HIV and sexual and reproductive health services

HIV testing services integrated within sexual and reproductive health	Partial
Provider-initiated condom promotion integrated into sexual and reproductive health services	No/id

Data sources: UNAIDS 2023 epidemiological estimates; Global AIDS Monitoring 2023; and ICF – the DHS Program STATcompiler.

Data sources for key population program coverage: Global AIDS Monitoring 2023, Global Fund and PEPFAR reports obtained in 2023. Some of the data are triangulated and thus not nationally representative. Note: The 2023 UNAIDS epidemiological estimates represent the year 2022. Other data points may refer to various years when the surveys were conducted.

Note: 2020 and 2025 targets for reducing new HIV infections represent the country's required contribution to global targets, a 75% reduction by 2020 and 82.5% reduction by 2025 against 2010 as a baseline. These reductions are required to achieve a 90% reduction by 2030.