The number of people newly infected with HIV increased from 14,000 in 2010 to 25,000 in 2020, a 84% increase.

HIV prevalence

- Young women 15-24 years
- Young men 15-24 years
- Sex workers
- Gay men and other men who have sex with men
- People who inject drugs

HIV programme coverage and outcomes

- Key populations:
  - Sex workers
  - Gay men and other men who have sex with men
  - People who inject drugs

Policy and structural barriers

- Criminalization of the behaviour of key populations
- The national strategy includes critical elements of the programme package for key populations
- Avoided health care because of stigma and discrimination

Pre-exposure prophylaxis

- Number of people newly initiating Pre-exposure Prophylaxis (PrEP)
- Monthly PrEP coverage

Antiretroviral treatment

- People living with HIV with viral suppression
- Antiretroviral treatment coverage

HIV prevention adaptations during COVID-19

- Safe continuation of outreach
- Online counselling

Key populations

- gay men & other MSM
- People who inject drugs
- Transgender people

HIV testing services integrated within sexual and reproductive health services

Antiretroviral drug-based prevention

- Pre-exposure prophylaxis
- Antiretroviral treatment

Change in use of PrEP

- No documented PrEP use in 2020
- Antiretroviral treatment coverage

Linkages between HIV and sexual and reproductive health services

- Provider-initiated condom promotion integrated into sexual and reproductive health services

Data sources: UNAIDS 2021 epidemiological estimates; Global AIDS Monitoring 2021; UNAIDS Country Progress Reports; ICF – the DHS Program; STATcompiler.