The State of HIV Prevention in Kenya 2022

Policy and structural barriers

Key populations

- Gay men and other men who have sex with men
- Sex workers
- People who inject drugs
- Transgender people
- Prisoners

Criminalization of the behaviour of key populations

- Yes
- Yes
- Yes
- No
- Yes

The national strategy includes critical elements of the programme package for key populations

- > 90%
- > 90%
- 90%
- 90%
- 80%

Avoided health care because of stigma and discrimination

Population size

- 167,190
- 28,600
- 16,668
- 4,280

Adolescent girls and young women

- Proportion of women who experienced intimate partner violence
- Girls who completed lower secondary education
- Policies on life skills-base HIV and sexuality education (secondary schools)

Laws requiring parental consent for adolescents to access HIV testing services, ages of consent

HIV programme coverage and outcomes

- Target coverage for adolescent girls and young women
- Target coverage for key populations
- Target coverage for condom programming
- Target coverage for voluntary male medical circumcision
- Target coverage for antiretroviral drug-based prevention

Prevention of vertical transmission of HIV

- % of HIV-positive pregnant women receiving ART
- 91%
- Number of estimated births to women living with HIV
- 5,200
- Number of new child infections due to vertical transmission

Distribution of new child infections

- % of child infections because mother acquired HIV during pregnancy or breastfeeding
- 24%
- % of child infections because mother did not receive antiretroviral therapy during pregnancy or breastfeeding
- 20%
- % of child infections because mother did not continue antiretroviral treatment during pregnancy or breastfeeding
- 31%
- % of child infections because mother was on antiretroviral treatment during pregnancy or breastfeeding, but was not virologically suppressed
- 0%

Note: 2020 and 2025 targets for reducing new HIV infections represent the country's required contribution to global targets, as set by 2030 of 21% reduction in HIV incidence and 90% reduction in AIDS-related deaths. These reductions are expected to achieve a 90% reduction by 2030.

Data sources: UNAIDS, HIV Monitor Kenya, 2021; AIDSmap, April 2022; World Health Organization, May 2022

HIV testing services integrated within sexual and reproductive health

Provider-initiated condom promotion integrated into sexual and reproductive health services

- Yes
- Yes

Linkages between HIV and sexual and reproductive health services

- Yes
- Yes

Note: The 2021 UNAIDS epidemiological estimates represent the year 2020. Other data points may refer to various years when the surveys were conducted.

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