The State of HIV Prevention in Malawi

2022

Policy and structural barriers

Key populations

Criminalization of the behaviour of key populations

The national strategy includes critical elements of the programme package for key populations

Avoided health care because of stigma and discrimination

Population size

Adolescent girls and young women

Proportion of women who experienced intimate partner violence

Girls who completed lower secondary education

Policies on life skills-based HIV and sexuality education (secondary school)

Laws requiring parental consent for adolescents to access HIV testing services, age of consent

Linkages between HIV and sexual and reproductive health services

HIV testing services integrated within sexual and reproductive health

Provider-initiated condom promotion integrated into sexual and reproductive health services

HIV programme coverage and outcomes

African girls, young women & male partners

Sex workers

Sex workers and other men who have sex with men

People who inject drugs

Condom use

Condom use at last paid sex in (%)

Condom use at last paid sex in (%)

Use of harm reduction services (%)

Condoms used with a regular partner, 15-49 years (%)

HIV prevalence

Young women, 15-24 years

Young men, 15-24 years

Sex workers

People who inject drugs

Change in new HIV infections

TARGET 2010–2021

Note: The 2021 UNAIDS epidemiological estimates represent the year 2020. Other data points may refer to various years when the surveys were conducted.

Note: 'Yes' refers to the adaptation having been introduced (not necessarily it being achieved). 

Note: 2020 and 2025 targets represent the country’s required contribution to global targets, a 75% reduction by 2020 and 82.5% reduction by 2025 against 2010 as a baseline. These reductions are required to achieve a 90% reduction by 2030.