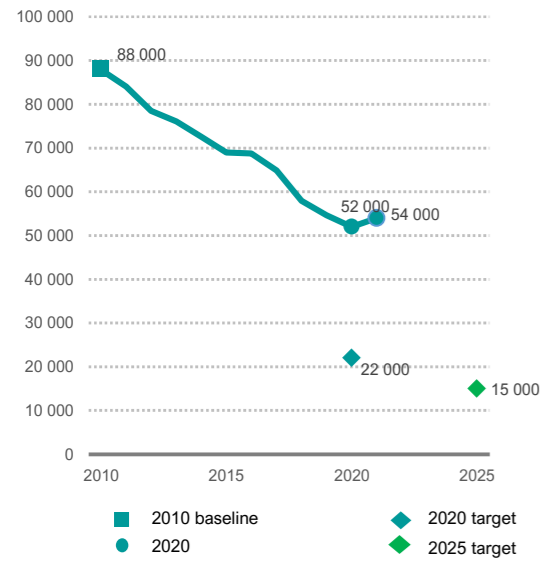


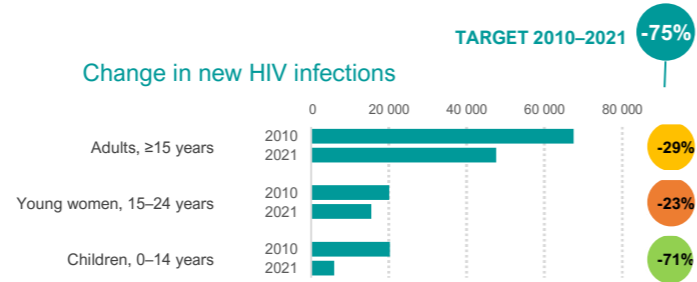
# The State of HIV Prevention in Uganda

2022

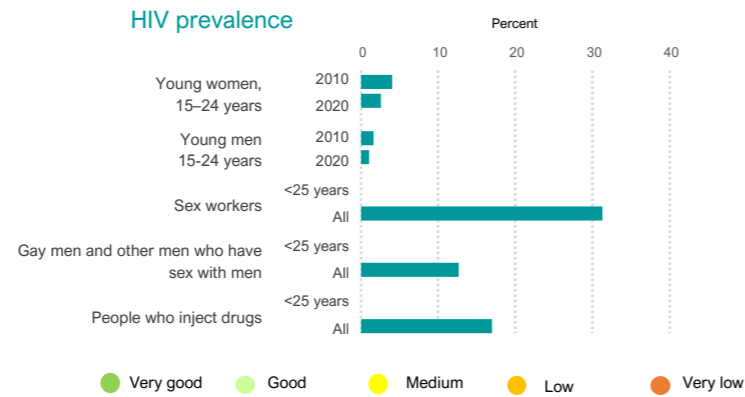
## Number of new HIV infections (all ages)



## Change in new HIV infections



## HIV prevalence



## Policy and structural barriers

### Key populations

Barrier	Sex workers	Gay men and other men who have sex with men	People who inject drugs	Transgender people	Prisoners
Criminalization of the behaviour of key populations	Yes	Yes	Yes	No	na
The national strategy includes critical elements of the programme package for key populations	> Half	None	None	< Half	#N/A
Avoided health care because of stigma and discrimination	9%	id	64%	id	na
Population size	130 000	24 100	7 400	id	id

### Adolescent girls and young women

Indicator	15-19 years	15-49 years
Proportion of women who experienced intimate partner violence	id	id
Girls who completed lower secondary education	23%	
Policies on life skills-based HIV and sexuality education (secondary schools)	Yes	
Laws requiring parental consent for adolescents to access HIV testing services, age of consent	Yes, <12	

## Linkages between HIV and sexual and reproductive health services

HIV testing services integrated within sexual and reproductive health	Yes
Provider-initiated condom promotion integrated into sexual and reproductive health services	Yes

## HIV programme coverage and outcomes

### ADOLESCENT GIRLS, YOUNG WOMEN & MALE PARTNERS

Condom use with a non-regular partner among young people 15-24 years old (%)

Young women	43
Young men	57

Target 90%

Score: 4

### KEY POPULATIONS

#### Sex workers

Condom use at last paid sex is (%)

Sex workers	7
Clients	3

Target 95%

Score: 8

#### Gay men and other men who have sex with men

Condom use at last anal sex (%)

Target 90%

Score: id

#### People who inject drugs

Use of harm reduction services (%)

Target 40%

Score: 1

### CONDOM PROGRAMMING

Condom use with a non-regular partner, 15-49 years (%)

Women	37
Men	58

Target 90%

Score: 7

### VOLUNTARY MEDICAL MALE CIRCUMCISION

Uptake of voluntary medical male circumcision

% of 2020 target achieved	64
male circumcision prevalence 15-24	49

Target 90%

Score: 6

### ANTIRETROVIRAL DRUG-BASED PREVENTION

Pre-exposure prophylaxis

Number of people actively taking Pre-Exposure Prophylaxis (PrEP)

2017	3000
2018	10779
2019	38064
2020	58428
2021	120524

Change in use of PrEP (2020-2021): +53%

Score: 10

### PREVENTION OF VERTICAL TRANSMISSION OF HIV

MTCT rate: 7%

% of HIV-positive pregnant women receiving ART: id

Number of Estimated births to women living with HIV: 88 000

Number of new child infections due to vertical transmission: 6 000

Distribution of new child infections:

% of child infections because mother acquired HIV during pregnancy or breastfeeding	40%
% of child infections because mother did not receive antiretroviral therapy during pregnancy or breastfeeding	0%
% of child infections because mother did not continue antiretroviral treatment during pregnancy or breastfeeding	44%
% of child infections because mother was on antiretroviral treatment during pregnancy or breastfeeding, but was not virologically suppressed	16%

Score: id

**Scores (1-10)**

- Very good
- Good
- Medium
- Low
- Very low
- id ... insufficient data
- na ... not applicable

Data sources: UNAIDS 2021 epidemiological estimates; Global AIDS Monitoring 2021; and ICF – the DHS Program STATcompiler. Data sources for key population program coverage: Global AIDS Monitoring 2021, Global Fund and PEPFAR reports obtained in 2021. Note: The 2021 UNAIDS epidemiological estimates represent the year 2020. Other data points may refer to various years when the surveys were conducted. Note: 2020 and 2025 targets for reducing new HIV infections represent the country's required contribution to global targets, a 75% reduction by 2020 and 82.5% reduction by 2025 against 2010 as a baseline. These reductions are required to achieve a 90% reduction by 2030.